

**REVISION FOR FIRST END-OF-TERM TEST  
SCHOOL YEAR: 2024-2025  
ENGLISH 11 BRIGHT**

**A. WRITING TEST**

**I. CONTENT**

1. Vocabulary relating to the theme: Global warming and Ecosystems, Preserving World Heritage (Unit 3,4)
2. Pronunciation : the ending –ed, the vowels of words in Unit 3,4
3. Stress of words relating to the theme Global warming and Ecosystems, Preserving World Heritage
4. Collocation (Unit 3,4)
5. Communicative exchanges (Unit 3,4)
6. Grammar
  - + The Simple past tense and Present perfect tense
  - + Present continuous tense
  - + The Simple past tense and Past continuous tense
  - + Paired conjunctions

**II. TASK TYPES:**

**1. Language knowledge** → Multiple choice with 4 options

- + Pronunciation
- + Stress
- + Vocabulary: word meaning in context, word form, collocation, Prepositions in phrases, phrasal verbs, compound nouns
- + Grammar:
  - The Simple past tense and Present perfect tense
  - Present continuous tense
  - The Simple past tense and Past continuous tense
  - Paired conjunctions
- + Communicative exchanges

**2. Reading skill** → Multiple choice with 4 options

- + Reading comprehension about the topic: Global warming and Ecosystems, Preserving World Heritage
- + Cloze reading about the topic: Global warming and Ecosystems, Preserving World Heritage

**3. Writing skill.**

A. Sentence transformation

Sentence transformation → Rewrite sentences (tenses, paired conjunctions)

B. Free writing:

- an essay about ways to protect the environment/ reduce global warming ...
- a formal letter, requesting information

**4. Listening skill:**

- + True/False
- + Gap filling
- + Multiple choice

**B. SPEAKING TEST ( 2.0pts)**      Topic: unit 1, 2, 3, 4

**1. Exam forms:**

- Students take the speaking test in a group of **THREE**
- When being called by examiners, all three members of a group enter the examination room and then draw lots (bốc thăm) for the spoken topic
- The group have 1 minute to prepare for the spoken topic, then present their performance orally in front of the examiners within 3 minutes. (examiners may ask some questions if necessary ).

**Notes:** 3 members in a group should be assigned appropriately so that every member has a chance to show their performance.

## 2. Speaking assessment criteria:

- |   |        |
|---|--------|
| 1. Fluency and coherence ( Su trôi chảy và liên kết ý) ( not too much hesitation / ideas linked...) | (5/20) |
| 2. Vocabulary ( Vốn từ vựng) ( a wide range / appropriate use of vocabulary)                        | (7/20) |
| 3. Grammar ( accuracy / a wide range of sentence structures)  | (4/20) |
| 4. Pronunciation ( understandability / accuracy / intonation ...)                                   | (4/20) |

## 3. Suggested Questions for the Speaking test :

### Topic 1: Generation Gap

#### *Talk about family problems/ conflicts*

- (- Who do teenagers often have problems/ conflicts with in their family?
- What do the two sides often behave/ do in those situations? (What happens in those situations)
- How do they often feel in those situations?
- Suggest at least 2 ways to solve the problems.)

### Topic 2: Global warming and Ecosystems

#### *Talk about one of the problems that ecosystems are facing currently: climate change, global warming, carbon footprint, pollution, natural disasters, hurricanes, landslides, floods, droughts, ...*

(What problem(s) you want to talk about? What are the facts about that/ those problem(s)-thực trạng)? What do you think the main reasons are? What effects can the problem(s) cause? Can you make suggestions to solve the problem(s)

## REVISION 1-ENGLISH 11-BRIGHT

### PART 1: LISTENING

#### **Listening 1: Listen to a conversation between Nam and Dan talking about The Central Sector of the Imperial Citadel of Thang Long. Listen and check True/ false:**

1. The Central Sector of the Imperial Citadel of Thang Long is one of the nine UNESCO World Heritage Sites in Viet Nam.
2. It was first constructed during the Ly Dynasty in the early 20<sup>th</sup> century.
3. The only structure to remain intact is the Flag Tower of Ha Noi built in the nineteenth century during the Nguyen Dynasty.
4. Beside The Flag Tower of Ha Noi , tourists can see the stone dragons of Kinh Thien Palace and relics associated with many Vietnamese royal families.
5. Nam will pick Dan up to visit The Central Sector of the Imperial Citadel of Thang Long in the afternoon.

#### **Listening 2: Professor Linn is talking to a class of grade 11 students about an environmental problem.**

#### **Listen to the talk and choose the best answers.**

1. What is the topic that Professor Linn talks about?  
A. climate change    B. ice melting    C. sea level rise    D. global warming
2. What is the main purpose of Prof. Linn's talk?  
A. To make the students understand global warming.  
B. To make the students understand that it is their duty to reduce global warming.  
C. To make the students understand what greenhouse gases are.  
D. To make the students understand that global warming leads to catastrophic weather patterns.
3. How many sources of greenhouse gas emissions does Prof. Linn mention?  
A. one    B. two    C. three    D. four
4. How many people may have to suffer from the effects of global warming?  
A. A million people    B. Hundreds of people.  
C. Hundreds of millions of people.    D. 20–30% of the world's population.
5. According to the talk, what is the first step to take to help to reduce global warming?  
A. To have a lot of information about the topic    B. To change your lifestyle.  
C. To inform others about the topic.    D. To inspire others to change.

**PART 2: USE OF LANGUAGE:**

**A. Pick out the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the rest.**

1. A. reduceded                      B. developed                      C. used                              D. hoped  
2. A. watched                        B. stopped                        C. arrived                        D. abolished  
3. A. collected                        B. changed                        C. formed                        D. viewed  
4. A. developed                        B. expected                        C. provided                        D. awarded

**B. Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of the main stress in each of the following questions.**

1. A. volunteer                        B. engineer                        C. committee                        D. referee  
2. A. heritage                        B. donation                        C. computer                        D. relation  
3. A. reply                              B. urban                              C. prepare                        D. advise  
4. A. recognized                        B. tourism                        C. tradition                        D. cultural  
5. A. tablet                              B. subscribe                        C. social                              D. media

**C. Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.**

1. Saigon Children Charity \_\_\_\_\_ scholarships and vocational training to disabled children or children living in poverty.  
A. hands                              B. supports                        C. organises                        D. provides
2. You can help us to sort the \_\_\_\_\_ from privates and government.  
A. donations                        B. donate                              C. donors                              D. donating
3. UNICEF has spent 70 years working to \_\_\_\_\_ the lives of disadvantaged children and their families.  
A. offer                                B. improve                        C. provide                        D. care
4. \_\_\_\_\_ also helped to set up and arrange two retail stalls, selling the products to visitors.  
A. Volunteer                        B. Volunteers                        C. Volunteering                        D. Voluntary
5. If you can do something to help others, you will find your life \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. meaningful                        B. meaningless                        C. helpless                        D. interested
6. Some of the students were \_\_\_\_\_ at English, so volunteer teachers had to try very hard.  
A. hopeless                        B. hopeful                        C. endless                        D. excited
7. She wishes she could do some \_\_\_\_\_ work this summer.  
A. voluntarily                        B. volunteerism                        C. volunteer                        D. volunteering
8. Together with volunteers, through our daily activities, we try to protect children from \_\_\_\_\_ effects from society.  
A. harm                                B. harmful                        C. harmless                        D. unharmed
9. This is the second time our school \_\_\_\_\_ a charity concert.  
A. organised                        B. has organised                        C. is organising                        D. organises
10. Neil is not here. He \_\_\_\_\_ to the supermarket.  
A. has gone                        B. has been                        C. went                              D. goes
11. None of the students \_\_\_\_\_ to class yet.  
A. are coming                        B. hadn't come                        C. haven't come                        D. have come
12. Mrs. Parker has collected used books for children in need \_\_\_\_\_ the end of last month.  
A. for                                B. when                              C. since                              D. while
13. What \_\_\_\_\_ when you injured your finger? - I was playing volleyball.  
A. did you do                        B. were you                        C. you did                        D. were you doing
14. This time last week, we \_\_\_\_\_ for the exam. It was so hot in the examination room.  
A. would have been sitting                        B. had been sitting                        C. sat                              D. were sitting
15. When I first saw Miriam, I \_\_\_\_\_ her to come in for tea and we talked for nearly two hours.  
A. invited                              B. invite                              C. have invited                        D. was inviting
16. The girls were chatting \_\_\_\_\_ the boys were playing games.  
A. when                                B. while                              C. during                              D. at the same time
17. While the teacher was explaining to the whole class, she \_\_\_\_\_ carefully.  
A. didn't listen                        B. wasn't listening                        C. had listened                        D. wasn't listened
18. The topic I would like to talk today in the life of a \_\_\_\_\_ figure – Nguyen Trai  
A. historical                        B. historican                        C. history                              D. historic

19. All of the disasters resulted from \_\_\_\_\_ will continue to have a devastating effect on socio-economic development.  
 A. floods                      B. climate change      C. ecological balance      D. carbon footprint
20. The low \_\_\_\_\_ in the Mekong Delta leads to acute saline intrusion much deeper than the traditional 30 to 40km of mainland that is contaminated with saltwater.  
 A. water currents      B. sea level              C. water level              D. salt water
21. Cat Ba is also rich of cultural festivals and traditions that are highly potential for \_\_\_\_\_ and development.  
 A. research              B. growth                  C. conservation              D. promotion
22. Irresponsible tourists damaged the archaeological site and some of the relics \_\_\_\_\_ back to the last ruling dynasty.  
 A. to date                  B. dating                  C. to be dated              D. date
23. The ancient houses \_\_\_\_\_ by the fire are now under reconstruction.  
 A. to destroy              B. destroying              C. destroyed                  D. destroy
24. Hoi An Ancient Town is preserved in a remarkably \_\_\_\_\_ state.  
 A. damaged                  B. unspoiled              C. intact                      D. unharmed
25. My favourite part of England is Cornwall. There's some absolutely beautiful \_\_\_\_\_ there.  
 A. nature                    B. signs                    C. scenery                    D. views
26. Sri Lanka has some fantastic beaches – miles after miles of golden sand and \_\_\_\_\_ water.  
 A. crystal clear          B. crystal clean          C. light blue                  D. navy blue
27. The sunset over Niagara Fall is really a magnificent \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. look                      B. sign                      C. view                      D. sight
28. From the top of the cathedral tower there are some spectacular \_\_\_\_\_ of the surrounding countryside.  
 A. sights                    B. sites                    C. views                    D. scenery
29. Known as 'Ha Long Bay on Land', Trang An Scenic Landscape Complex is famous for its mountains, caves, and archaeological \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. excavations          B. sites                    C. relics                    D. heritages
30. My Son Sanctuary is a large complex of \_\_\_\_\_ relics comprising more than 70 architectural works such as towers, temples, and tombs.  
 A. royal                    B. precious                  C. religious                  D. valuable

**Circle the letter A,B,C,D to indicate the word CLOSET in meaning to the underlined word in the question.**

31. **Ancient** artifacts are often found during archaeological digs.  
 A) Modern                  B) Old                      C) Recent                    D) New
32. The **well-known** artist will be holding an exhibition next month.  
 A) Famous                  B) Unknown              C) Shy                      D) Small
33. The **modern** technology used in the new phone is very advanced.  
 A) Old-fashioned          B) Current                  C) Outdated                  D) Traditional
34. They asked me to **come along with** them to the party.  
 A) Join                      B) Leave                    C) Avoid                    D) Disagree
35. The new movie is expected to **come out** next week in theaters.  
 A) Be released              B) Be delayed              C) Be banned                  D) Be forgotten
36. The **ruins** of the ancient temple are still visible in the desert.  
 A) Buildings                  B) Structures              C) Remains                  D) Parks
37. The beach was **crowded** with people during the summer holiday.  
 A) Empty                    B) Full                      C) Quiet                    D) Peaceful
38. It is important to **protect** endangered species from extinction.  
 A) Harm                      B) Conserve                  C) Ignore                    D) Threaten

**Circle the letter A,B,C,D to indicate the word OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word in the question.**

39. The company plans to **increase** its production next year.  
 A) Continue                  B) Decrease                  C) Expand                    D) Multiply
40. The panda is considered an **endangered** species due to habitat loss.

- A) Threatened      B) Safe      C) Rare      D) Extinct
41. Only the strongest animals can **survive** in the harsh Arctic environment.
- A) Die      B) Live      C) Thrive      D) Grow
42. The discovery of the new planet is a **significant** breakthrough in science.
- A) Minor      B) Important      C) Crucial      D) Major
43. It is **forbidden** to enter the museum without a ticket.
- A) Prohibited      B) Banned      C) Restricted      D) Allowed
44. People should **recycle** their waste to help reduce pollution.
- A) Protect      B) Reuse      C) Dump      D) Save
45. We had to **put off** the meeting because of the storm.
- A) Postpone      B) Cancel      C) Advance      D) Delay
46. Can you **switch on** the lights? It's getting dark in here.
- A) Blow      B) Turn on      C) Turn off      D) Close
47. That's the strange man **coming along** with us on the tour this morning.
- A) following      B) chasing      C) running      D) pushing

**D. Put the verbs into the past simple or past continuous tense.**

1. What (you/do) \_\_\_\_\_ this time last year?
2. I (not/call) \_\_\_\_\_ you at 10 o'clock as arranged because I was having a meeting.
3. I (still/sleep) \_\_\_\_\_ when my husband left for work this morning.
4. Susan \_\_\_\_\_ (study) in her room when she heard the noise.
5. What \_\_\_\_\_ (they, do) at eleven p.m. last night - it was so noisy?
6. After going to the library, I \_\_\_\_\_ (meet) Jane and we went out for some coffee.
7. I was eight years old when my elder sister \_\_\_\_\_ (teach) me how to ride a bike.
8. John \_\_\_\_\_ (not go) to school last week because he was ill.
9. When (you/start) \_\_\_\_\_ your job?
10. What (you/ do) \_\_\_\_\_ when I phoned yesterday?

**E. Complete the sentences with the correct forms of the words in brackets.**

1. With (fold) \_\_\_\_\_ cars, three of them can fit on one parking space.
2. So far drone ( deliver) \_\_\_\_\_ can only transport lightweight packages for short distances, but this may change soon.
3. Our city has recently been voted one of the most \_\_\_\_\_ (live) towns in the country.
4. A large international meeting was held with the aim of promoting ( sustain) \_\_\_\_\_ development in all countries.
5. The holiday cottage has many green touches, including \_\_\_\_\_ ( friendly) cleaning products.
6. For South Korea, Songdo is more than a hi-tech business district, but a template for future \_\_\_\_\_ (develop)
7. There are no simple \_\_\_\_\_ (solve) to the problem of overpopulation.
8. The campaign has certainly succeeded in raising public (aware) \_\_\_\_\_ of the issue.
9. The closure of the factory brought \_\_\_\_\_ (poor) to the town.
10. Jack has been \_\_\_\_\_ for six months and has to rely on social welfare payment. (employ)

**PART 3: READING**

**1. Read the following passages and choose the options that best fit each of the numbered blanks.**

Scientists (1) \_\_\_\_\_ assess the planet's health see indisputable evidence that Earth has been getting warmer, in some cases rapidly. Most believe that human (2) \_\_\_\_\_, in particular the burning of fossil fuels and the resulting buildup of greenhouse gases in the atmosphere, have (3) \_\_\_\_\_ this warming trend. In the past decade scientists have documented record-high average annual surface temperatures and have been observing other signs of change all over the planet: in the distribution of ice, and in the salinity, levels, and temperatures of the oceans. Everywhere on Earth ice is changing. The famed snows of Kilimanjaro have melted more than 80 percent (4) \_\_\_\_\_ 1912. Glaciers in the Garhwal Himalaya in India are retreating so fast that researchers believe that most central and eastern Himalayan glaciers could (5) \_\_\_\_\_ disappear by 2035. Arctic sea ice

has thinned significantly over the past half century, and its extent has declined by about 10 percent in the past 30 years.

- Question 1: A. who                      B. which                      C. they                      D. those  
Question 2: A. feelings                B. thoughts                C. activities                D. ideas  
Question 3: A. influencer            B. influenced            C. influence                D. influential  
Question 4: A. for                      B. since                      C. in                          D. during  
Question 5: A. uncertainly            B. approximately            C. appropriately            D. virtually

**2. Read the following passages and choose the options that best fit each of the numbered blanks**

Almost everyone would recognize the Taj Mahal, which is said to be the most beautiful building in the world. (1) \_\_\_\_\_ in the city of Agra, India, it is a building of legendary beauty surrounded by gardens. (2) \_\_\_\_\_, what many people do not know is that it is the symbol of eternal love.

Shah Jahan, the king of India, is believed to have begun working on this custom-made building in 1631 after his wife's (3) \_\_\_\_\_. The king demanded that his (4) \_\_\_\_\_ create the world's most beautiful building to serve as a tomb for the queen. It is said that it took 23 years for the Taj Mahal to be finished. Though both the king and queen passed (5) \_\_\_\_\_ long ago, their love lives on. This is because millions of tourists visit this beloved tourist sites every year.

1. A. Locating                      B. Located                      C. Locate                      D. To locate  
2. A. However                      B. Because                      C. So                          D. Therefore  
3. A. die                              B. dead                          C. death                      D. died  
4. A. belongings                  B. theories                      C. architects                  D. treasures  
5. A. on                                B. away                          C. in                              D. under

**3. Read the following passages and choose the options that best fit each of the numbered blanks**

Recognized as a World Heritage Site in Vietnam, Ha Long Bay attracts thousands of visitors every year, who come to enjoy its magnificent natural (1) \_\_\_\_\_. However, the bay is also facing a number of threats that may lead to serious damage to the site.

Wildlife in Ha Long Bay is being (2) \_\_\_\_\_ by overfishing as this is the only job to support most of the inhabitants here. As a (3) \_\_\_\_\_, rare sea creatures may become extinct soon.

(4) \_\_\_\_\_ problem is deforestation of mangrove forests. The mangroves, known as the plants native to Ha Long Bay, provide protection during storms, preserve the shoreline, and act as a natural filter that keeps the sea environment clean and healthy. Numerous wildlife species (5) \_\_\_\_\_ plants and fish also depend on the mangroves.

What is more, some markets in Ha Long Bay sell unusual relics and natural (6) \_\_\_\_\_, such as coral pieces, sea shells, or unique stones, probably illegally removed from the (7) \_\_\_\_\_ areas. Many of these items, converted into rings, key chains, and other souvenirs, are purchased by unsuspecting tourists. Buying these items creates a black market (8) \_\_\_\_\_ to further destruction of Ha Long Bay.

As eco-tourists, we can help to protect Ha Long Bay for future generations in several ways. For example, by sailing or fishing with the fishermen, we can share the benefits of tourism with the local (9) \_\_\_\_\_. This will help them to increase their income and reduce excessive fishing. We can also help local people to learn about the significance of the mangrove forests and help them to replant the mangroves. We should also avoid purchasing unusual souvenirs. As responsible tourists, we can (10) \_\_\_\_\_ suspected traders or vendors by refusing to buy their illegal goods.

1. A. buildings                      B. skyscrapers                      C. landscape                      D. point  
2. A. destruction                      B. destroyed                      C. destructing                      D. destroy  
3. A. instant                          B. example                          C. accident                          D. result  
4. A. Others                          B. Other                          C. Another                          D. One  
5. A. making                          B. including                          C. getting                          D. creating  
6. A. objects                          B. dangers                          C. lost                              D. beauty  
7. A. protect                          B. protection                          C. protecting                          D. protected  
8. A. allowing                          B. leading                          C. appointing                          D. sending  
9. A. community                      B. city                              C. society                          D. human  
10. A. do                                B. discourage                      C. compare                          D. contrast

**4. Read the following passages and choose the options that best fit each of the numbered blanks**

The city of Łódź in Poland was another unremarkable industrial city until a few years ago. In 2009, (1) \_\_\_\_\_ was set up by a well-known art historian and an actress. Their idea (2) \_\_\_\_\_ to life again. The Foundation planned an art project (3) \_\_\_\_\_ the city's image and presented it to the city council. The mayor of the city supported the idea and the Foundation was given permission to go ahead and raise the money needed. (4) \_\_\_\_\_ were invited by the Foundation to come to Poland to work. In total, artists from eight countries took part in the project over the next few years, and more than twenty huge murals were created (5) \_\_\_\_\_ in public spaces.

Łódź is now the second city in the world for street art after New York, and people visit there especially to see the amazing artworks. Now, once a year, the Foundation organizes an art festival which attracts (6) \_\_\_\_\_. And in the future, the project will be continue with other pieces of urban art statues, sculptures and 'street jewellery'. The transformation goes on!

1. A. the Urban Forms Foundation called an organization  
B. an organisation was called the Urban Forms Foundation  
C. an organisation called the Urban Forms Foundation  
D. an organisation calling the Urban Forms Foundation
2. A. was to bring the tired urban landscape  
B. to bring is the tired urban landscape  
C. brought the tiring urban landscape  
D. tired the urban landscape
3. A. that changes  
B. changing  
C. that would change  
D. changed
4. A. Artists from the world of street  
B. Famous street artists in the world  
C. Street artists were famous in the world  
D. Famous street artists from all over the world
5. A. out of the buildings side  
B. on the sides of buildings  
C. the sides of buildings in  
D. in the building sides
6. A. from all over the world participants  
B. the world participants from all over  
C. participants from all over the world  
D. all over participants from the world

**5. Read the following passages and choose the options that best fit each of the numbered blanks**

Brú na Bóinne is a fascinating historical site located about 50 km north of Dublin, Ireland. It's one of the oldest and most impressive collection of megalithic art in Europe, (1) \_\_\_\_\_. Incredibly, this site is even older than Stonehenge. (2) \_\_\_\_\_, Brú na Bóinne is divided into 3 main sites: Newgrange, Knowth, and Dowth. (3) \_\_\_\_\_. There are 40 smaller burial sites surrounding these structures. Experts think the sites were important for both (4) \_\_\_\_\_.

Newgrange is the most famous tomb with 98 stones (5) \_\_\_\_\_. Knowth is also large with 127 stones covered in circles. Dowth is surrounded by 115 stones, and it has two tombs.

Over the years, experts have worked carefully to preserve this special place. The site is so special that just few people might (6) \_\_\_\_\_.

1. A. make the site famous worldwide  
B. making the worldwide famous site  
C. which makes the site famous worldwide  
D. that makes the site famous worldwide
2. A. Create from very large stones  
B. Created from very large stones  
C. It created very large stones  
D. It was created by very large stones
3. A. The large tomb built nearly 5,000 years ago  
B. Because the large tombs were built nearly 5,000 years ago  
C. They are the large tombs built nearly 5,000 years ago  
D. They are the large tombs that built nearly 5,000 years ago
4. A. gatherings and ceremonies  
B. gatherings or ceremonies  
C. gatherings nor ceremonies  
D. only gatherings but also ceremonies
5. A. form a circle around it  
B. forming a circle around it  
C. who forms a circle around it  
D. by forming a circle around it
6. A. allow to visit every day  
B. be visitors allowed every day  
C. be allowed with visitors  
D. be allowed to visit every day

**6. Read the following letter and choose the options that best fit each of the numbered blanks**

Hi Fred,

Last Saturday, (1) \_\_\_\_\_ took a fantastic trip to Đá Giăng Stream located in Cam Lâm District, Khánh Hòa Province. From Nha Trang City, (2) \_\_\_\_\_ to arrive at Đá Giăng Stream, (3) \_\_\_\_\_ above sea level. The sun was shining warmly in the early morning. The mountain landscape was beyond our imagination. We were completely in nature because (4) \_\_\_\_\_ from the traffic or air pollution. In the afternoon, we

were enjoying ourselves in the stream (5) \_\_\_\_\_ swimming by. The trip gave us unforgettable experiences.

(6) \_\_\_\_\_ Đả Giảng Stream if you visit Vietnam. I'm sure you won't regret it.

1. A. cousin and I                      B. my cousins and me                      C. cousins and me                      D. my cousins and I
2. A. we spent over 45 minutes                      B. we lost over 45 minutes  
C. it took us over 45 minutes                      D. it lasted over 45 minutes
3. A. is at a height of 300 metres                      B. at a high of 300 metres  
C. which is 300 metres height                      D. which is at a height of 300 metres
4. A. no noise                      B. there was no noise  
C. it had no noise                      D. not any noise
5. A. while some small fish we saw                      B. before some small fish saw we  
C. when we saw some small fish                      D. when some small fish saw us
6. A. Be sure to visit                      B. You must be sure visit  
C. Making sure to visit                      D. To make sure that you visit

**7. Read the following passages and choose the options that best fit each of the numbered blanks.**

Global warming is the rise in the average temperature of the Earth. This aspect of climate change is due to increasing amounts of greenhouse gases in the atmosphere, to which carbon dioxide is the biggest contributor. Scientists agree that the act of burning fossil fuels releases greenhouse gases into the air and they act like a (1) \_\_\_\_\_ over the Earth. Oil and coal are the two common fossil fuel resources that significantly contribute to the production of carbon dioxide, harmful gas to the atmosphere.

Because of global warming, there have been negative consequences. As the sea level rises, many animals are losing their homes because their (2) \_\_\_\_\_ is disappearing. Scientists predict that if global warming gets worse, many kinds of plants and animals will become extinct. The rising sea levels also cause people to relocate from the coasts. In addition, warmer ocean temperatures cause more large storms, which cause (3) \_\_\_\_\_. Another effect of global warming is severe heatwaves and droughts which cause widespread wildfires. Many areas may become too dry from farming, resulting in (4) \_\_\_\_\_.

1. A. cold shield                      B. warm blanket                      C. protective layer                      D. reflective surface
2. B. food source                      B. natural habitat                      C. breeding ground                      D. migration path
3. A. property damage and flooding                      B. increased biodiversity  
C. improved crop yields                      D. cleaner air quality
4. A. increased water resources                      B. crop loss and hunger  
C. improved soil quality                      D. higher agricultural productivity

**B. Read the passage and choose the best options to answer the questions**

**Passage 1**

**Machu Picchu**, which is a pre-Columbian 15th-century Inca site in Peru, in South America, is one of Wonders of The World. The Incas built the city on a mountain ridge, 2430m above sea level. They lived there between 1200 and 1450 AD. Other people lived there before about 650 AD. The Incas built houses, fields and temples by cutting the rock on the mountain so it was flat.

When the Spanish invaded Peru, the Incas left Machu Picchu. **Nobody knows for sure why they did that, but some think it was because they were scared of the Spanish.** The city was left unfinished, most likely due to the Spanish invasion and/or a civil war between the ruling rival Inca brothers named Huascar and Atahualpa. The Spanish never found Machu Picchu or the lost city during their **occupation**.

Machu Picchu is very difficult to get to because it is so high in the mountains. It has only one way in and a stone wall to protect it. Most people on Earth did not know it was there until a Yale graduate named Hiram Bingham rediscovered it in 1911. He heard rumours of a hidden city which was already known to the native Peruvians, who guided **him** there. He led a restoration project that was partly funded by the National Geographic Society. Bingham made a deal with the government to take artifacts to the Peabody Museum for study. Peru is still trying to have those artifacts returned to them. Today, there is a new road so that tourists can visit. People can also walk along the Inca Trail, or take a train from Cusco.

1. *What is the text mainly about?*

- A. The way people built Machu Picchu                      B. The explanation why the Incas left Machu Picchu
- C. Machu Picchu- a wonder of the ancient world                      D. The way to visit Machu Picchu

2. *What does the word **HIM** (LINE 4, PAR. 3) refer to?*



- A. Huascar                      B. Atahualpa                      C. Hiram Bingham                      D. a native Peruvian
3. Which of the following is TRUE?
- A. When the Spanish invaded Peru, people left Machu Picchu which had not been finished.  
 B. A native Peruvian was the first person to discover Machu Picchu.  
 C. There are four ways to visit Machu Picchu.  
 D. Hiram Bingham is a native Peruvian.
4. Machu Picchu is a .....
- A. mountain ridge                      B. race in Peru                      C. city                      D. building
5. The word **occupation** in the paragraph 2 means .....
- A. business                      B. invasion                      C. life                      D. work
6. What does the underlined sentence mean?
- A. Everyone knows why they did it, and some believe they feared the Spanish.  
 B. Nobody doubts the reason why the Incas left Machu Picchu, but some believe they feared the Spanish.  
 C. Nobody knows the reason why the Spanish invaded Peru, but some believe they feared the Spanish.  
 D. Nobody knows why the Incas left Machu Picchu, but some believe they feared the Spanish.

### Passage 2

Hoan Kiem Lake is an attractive body of water right in the heart of Ha Noi. Legend has it that in the mid-15th century, Heaven gave Emperor Le Thai To (Le Loi) a magical sword which he used to fight against the Chinese, the Ming aggressors, out of Viet Nam. After that one day when he was out sailing in the lake, a giant golden tortoise suddenly grabbed the sword and disappeared into the depths of the lake. Since then, the lake has been known as Hoan Kiem Lake (Lake of the Restored Sword) because it is believed the sword was taken to its original divine owners.

**The tiny Tortoise Pagoda, topped with a red star, is on a small island in the middle of the lake; it is often used as an emblem of Ha Noi.** Every morning around 6 a.m., local residents can be seen around Hoan Kiem Lake doing their morning exercise, jogging or playing badminton.

1. What is the main idea of the passage
- A. The history and legend of Hoan Kiem Lake  
 B. The importance of Emperor Le Thai To in Vietnamese history  
 C. The significance of morning exercises at Hoan Kiem Lake  
 D. The architecture of Tortoise Pagoda
2. According to the legend, why is the lake called "Hoan Kiem Lake"?
- A. It is where Emperor Le Thai To was born  
 B. It is where a magical sword was returned to its divine owners  
 C. It is where the Ming aggressors were defeated  
 D. It is where the Tortoise Pagoda was built
3. What can you see around Hoan Kiem Lake every morning?
- A. People practicing traditional martial arts  
 B. Residents exercising, jogging, or playing badminton  
 C. Emperor Le Thai To's monument  
 D. Visitors feeding turtles
4. What does the word "emblem" in line 8 most likely mean?
- A. A type of exercise                      B. A symbol or representation  
 C. A kind of building                      D. A magical item
5. What does the pronoun "its" in paragraph 1 refer to?
- A. The sword's                      B. The lake's                      C. The tortoise's                      D. The pagoda's
6. Which of the following best paraphrases the underlined sentence in paragraph 2?
- A. With a red star on top, a small island sits on the tiny Tortoise Pagoda in the lake and serves as a symbol of Ha Noi.  
 B. With a red star on top, a small island sits on the tiny Tortoise Pagoda in the lake and isn't the symbol of Ha Noi.  
 C. The tiny Tortoise Pagoda, with a red star on top, sits on a small island in the lake and serves as a symbol of Ha Noi.

D. A red star sits on a small island on top of the lake and serves as a symbol of Ha Noi as the tiny Tortoise Pagoda

**PART 4: WRITING:**

**A. Rewrite the following sentences as suggested:**

1. The last time she went to the zoo was ten years ago.  
→ She hasn't .....
2. I last saw him when I was a student.  
→ I haven't .....
3. I haven't come there for two years.  
→ I last .....
4. I have studied English for seven years.  
→ I started .....
5. Steve started working for this company five years ago.  
→ Steve has .....
6. Do you have any experience of driving this kind of car?  
→ Have you .....
7. Nancy hasn't come here since 1999  
→ The last time .....
8. During my dinner, the phone rang.  
→ While .....
9. Sarah hasn't seen her friends since she left for the United States.  
→ Sarah last .....
10. In the middle of our sleep, there was a knock at the door.  
→ When .....
11. Fred likes helping his friends. So does Linda. (both...and)  
→ .....
12. Harry used to date Ann. Or was it Helen? (either...or)  
→ .....
13. We should learn to accept our weaknesses and our strengths. (not only...but also)  
→ .....
14. He never listens to or advises his friends when they have a problem. (neither...nor)  
→ .....
15. I've betrayed your trust. I've betrayed your love for me. (not only...but also)  
→ .....
16. He felt disappointed. He felt misunderstood. (both...and)  
→ .....
17. Brian isn't very considerate. Neither is Tom. (neither...nor)  
→ .....
18. A true friend is someone who is caring and loving. (both...and)  
→ .....
19. Rachel should apologise or leave. (either...or)  
→ .....
20. Richard and John didn't keep her secret. (neither...nor)  
→ .....

**B. Free writing**

**1. Writing an essay making suggestions about how to make our city more environmentally friendly.**

**Suggestion 1:** encourage / governments/ provide recycling and composting dustbin/ instead / throw away so much rubbish.

=>**Expected result 1:** less waste will go into ordinary bins

**Suggestion 2:** turn off lights when not in use+ use energy-saving electrical appliances ( example: fit LED lights/ instead/ traditional bulbs)

=>**Expected result 2:** electricity use will drop dramatically-> save a lot of money

**2. Look at the advert and write a letter requesting underlined information about the program from it.**

*Join our Green Initiative next month! Help us protect the environment and promote sustainable living. Volunteers will work 3 days a week. Training is provided.*

Volunteers will assist in:

- Planting trees and shrubs
- Recycling materials
- Organizing awareness campaigns
- Conducting environmental workshops

We offer free accommodation and travel expenses.

Contact: Mr. John Email: greeninitiative2024@gmail.com

Phone: 0987.654.321

**REVISION 2 ENGLISH 11- BRIGHT**

**PART 1: LISTENING**

**Listening 3:** Listen to the recording about Trang An Scenic Landscape Complex. Decide whether the following statements are true (T) or false (F) according to the speaker.

1. Known as 'Ha Long Bay on Land', Trang An Scenic Landscape Complex is famous for its mountains, caves and archaeological relics.
2. Tourists may come to see Trang An's limestone mountains and lakes.
3. Archaeological relics have proved that ancient people settled in this region about 10,000 – 20,000 years ago.
4. Hoa Lu Ancient Citadel used to be the capital of Viet Nam from 968 to 1019.
5. Trang An Scenic Landscape Complex deserves to be on the World Heritage List because of its distinctive values.

**Listening 4:** Ms. Hoa, an English teacher is helping her students to prepare for their presentation. Listen and fill gaps with no more than 2 words:

1. Students say that Global warming is caused by not only greenhouse gas emissions from factories and vehicles but also the use of \_\_\_\_\_ and deforestation.

Ms. Hoa says that in the past a lot of industries denied having \_\_\_\_\_ to global warming, but nowadays most people admit we are all responsible.

3. Because humans have treated the environment \_\_\_\_\_, they now have to suffer the effects of global warming. Do you agree, Lan?

4. Global warming allows some \_\_\_\_\_ to spread more easily.

5. Global warming has severe impact on water supplies, threatens food production and upsets ecological

6. One student suggests changing their \_\_\_\_\_ to reduce their carbon footprint.

**PART 2: USE OF LANGUAGE:**

**A. Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.**

- |                           |                          |                     |                     |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1. A. <u>ch</u> ease      | B. <u>ch</u> ildren      | C. <u>ch</u> emical | D. <u>ch</u> eacher |
| 2. A. art <u>if</u> icial | B. int <u>ell</u> igence | C. <u>ac</u> cess   | D. dev <u>ic</u> es |
| 3. A. <u>fo</u> t         | B. <u>loo</u> k          | C. <u>coo</u> k     | D. <u>to</u> oth    |
| 4. A. <u>fu</u> ll        | B. <u>pu</u> ll          | C. <u>Ju</u> ne     | D. <u>pu</u> t      |

- |                        |                        |                    |                          |
|------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| 5. A. <u>look</u>      | B. <u>school</u>       | C. <u>cook</u>     | D. <u>foot</u>           |
| 6. A. <u>moon</u>      | B. <u>soon</u>         | C. <u>foot</u>     | D. <u>food</u>           |
| 7. A. <u>afternoon</u> | B. <u>school</u>       | C. <u>look</u>     | D. <u>tooth</u>          |
| 8. A. <u>which</u>     | B. <u>changeable</u>   | C. <u>each</u>     | D. <u>characteristic</u> |
| 9. A. <u>pasture</u>   | B. <u>acquaintance</u> | C. <u>constant</u> | D. <u>talkative</u>      |

**B. Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of the main stress in each of the following questions.**

- |                  |               |              |                  |
|------------------|---------------|--------------|------------------|
| 1. A. distract   | B. effort     | C. suffer    | D. masses        |
| 2. A. technology | B. diversity  | C. anonymous | D. entertainment |
| 3. A. system     | B. greenhouse | C. effect    | D. planet        |
| 4. A. animal     | B. safari     | C. habitat   | D. atmosphere    |
| 5. A. monument   | B. national   | C. historic  | D. crowd-funding |

**C. Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions**

- Methane is a far more active \_\_\_\_\_ than carbon dioxide, but also one which is much less abundant in the atmosphere.  
A. greenhouse gas    B. greenhouse effect    C. climate change    D. emission
- Historical and government records can help you trace your \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. quality    B. tradition    C. heritage    D. feature
- The remains of the Roman fort are well \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. preserved    B. kept    C. treated    D. healed
- She specialises in \_\_\_\_\_ novels set in 18<sup>th</sup>-century England.  
A. history    B. historical    C. ancient    D. past
- FAO has helped billions of people around the world to have access \_\_\_\_\_ nutritious food since 1945.  
A. with    B. for    C. in    D. to
- The topic I would like to talk today is the life of a \_\_\_\_\_ figure – Nguyen Trai  
A. historical    B. historian    C. history    D. historic
- All of the disasters resulted from \_\_\_\_\_ will continue to have a devastating effect on socio-economic development.  
A. floods    B. climate change    C. ecological balance    D. carbon footprint
- The low \_\_\_\_\_ in the Mekong Delta leads to acute saline intrusion much deeper than the traditional 30 to 40km of mainland that is contaminated with saltwater.  
A. water currents    B. sea level    C. water level    D. salt water
- We should not only \_\_\_\_\_ more trees but also put much more effort into protecting existing forests.  
A. plant    B. reduce    C. stop    D. cut down
- Lead and aluminium are common \_\_\_\_\_ that can be found in drinking water.  
A. contamination    B. contaminated    C. contaminates    D. contaminants
- People all over the world are working to help save \_\_\_\_\_ animals from extinction.  
A. danger    B. endangered    C. dangerous    D. dangerously
- A(n) \_\_\_\_\_ is the total amount of greenhouse gases that are generated by our actions.  
A. carbon footprint    B. carbon dioxide    C. global warming    D. ecosystem
- Some manufacturers offered incentives for return of batteries, so that they can \_\_\_\_\_ or dispose of them safely.  
A. waste    B. dump    C. recycle    D. throw away
- \_\_\_\_\_ power is the use of wind energy to generate useful work.  
A. Natural gas    B. Coal    C. Oil    D. Wind
- \_\_\_\_\_ pollution is the contamination of bodies of water such as lakes, rivers, oceans, and groundwater.  
A. Water    B. Air    C. Soil    D. Noise
- Around 7 million \_\_\_\_\_ of plants and animals exist on the Earth.  
A. means    B. classes    C. styles    D. species
- Forest fires do not only \_\_\_\_\_ in environmental damage but also huge costs in extinguishing the fires.  
A. contribute    B. result    C. lead    D. create
- Cars and trucks pump out thousands of tonnes of poisonous \_\_\_\_\_ every year.  
A. pollutants    B. exhaust pipes    C. fumes    D. chemicals

19. The monument is \_\_\_\_\_ in our area. It is the only existing one here and very special.  
A. only                      B. exhaust pipes              C. general                      D. unique
20. Ha Long Bay has attracted millions of visitors who come to enjoy its \_\_\_\_\_ views and experience other activities.  
A. unbreathable              B. heartbreaking              C. breathtaking              D. unforgettable
21. Recognised as a World Heritage Site in 1983, the Taj Mahal Complex, including the tomb, mosque, guest house, and main gate, has preserved the \_\_\_\_\_ qualities of the buildings.  
A. original                      B. ancient                      C. unique                      D. perfect
22. As visitors explore this \_\_\_\_\_ place, there are always new surprises for them.  
A. interesting                      B. strange                      C. impressive                      D. unusual
23. The mausoleum \_\_\_\_\_ the greatest architectural and artistic achievement of Muslim art.  
A. contains                      B. includes                      C. claims                      D. represents
24. Although some of the structures are now \_\_\_\_\_, most of the significant existing monuments have been partially restored.  
A. in danger                      B. at risk                      C. in ruins                      D. at war
25. Most houses in Hoi An are of \_\_\_\_\_ architecture dating from the 17<sup>th</sup> to the 19<sup>th</sup> century.  
A. tradition                      B. traditional                      C. ancient                      D. customary
26. I live in a pleasant room \_\_\_\_\_ the garden.  
A. seeing to                      B. looking                      C. overlooking                      D. watching
27. The limestone in Phong Nha is not continuous, which has led to a particularly \_\_\_\_\_ shape.  
A. distinctive                      B. similar                      C. genuine                      D. diverse
28. Lack of \_\_\_\_\_ of this heritage building has resulted in damage to its walls.  
A. visiting                      B. using                      C. customer                      D. preservation
29. Visiting the Tomb of Khai Dinh, tourists will notice a mix of eastern and western \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. family                      B. sites                      C. dynasties                      D. architecture
30. The best part of our trip to the national park was the tour to many \_\_\_\_\_ ruins.  
A. ancient                      B. antiques                      C. long time                      D. memory

**D. Supply the correct form of the word in the brackets.**

1. \_\_\_\_\_ species, if not protected, could eventually become extinct. (danger)
2. Is afforestation the best way to \_\_\_\_\_ the environment? (conservation)
3. Instead of \_\_\_\_\_ the entire garden, just water the plants that need it. (water)
4. Cuc Phuong \_\_\_\_\_ Park is a famous tourist destination in Ninh Binh province. (Nation)
5. Chemicals or particles in the air can \_\_\_\_\_ the health of humans, animals, and plants. (harmful)
6. It's estimated that the global \_\_\_\_\_ of the world's ecosystem services equals \$125 trillion annually. (valuable)
7. For many \_\_\_\_\_, the world seems to be getting worse in their eyes. (environment)
8. Earth's climate has remained continuously \_\_\_\_\_ throughout 3 or 4 billion years. (habitat)
9. There should be \_\_\_\_\_ of volunteers and active participation of young people in environmental protection. (encourage)
10. The five major air \_\_\_\_\_ are carbon monoxide, hydrocarbons, nitrogen oxides, sulfur oxides, and airborne solid particles. (pollute)
11. In 1805, King Gia Long requested the building of a new, smaller citadel called Hanoi Citadel with a new \_\_\_\_\_ style. (architecture)
12. The basic architectural and landscape features of the Complex of Hue Monuments have been maintained intact since their original \_\_\_\_\_ in the early 19<sup>th</sup> century. (construct)
13. A number of caves in Huong Son Complex are \_\_\_\_\_ sites belonging to the Hoa Binh Culture dated back to over 10,000 years. (archaeology)
14. Due to its special \_\_\_\_\_ constitution, Ba Be Lake has very original and special features. (geology)
15. The \_\_\_\_\_ site in Con Moong Cave is also one of archaeological sites that contain the thickest cultural layer Vietnam at present. (accavate)
16. The Thang Long Imperial Citadel was built in the 11th century by the Ly \_\_\_\_\_, marking the independence of Dai Viet. (dynast)
17. Last year, we came to the heritage site and beautiful \_\_\_\_\_ of West Yen Tu. (land)

18. Besides the historical value of geology, Phong Nha - Ke Bang is also favoured with the \_\_\_\_\_ and majestic landscapes by nature. (mystery)
19. Management and \_\_\_\_\_ in Hoi An are further strengthened through master planning and action plans. (preserve)
20. The architecture of Hoi An is a \_\_\_\_\_ blend of Vietnamese, Chinese and Japanese influences. (harmony)

**PART 3: READING**

**A. Gap-fill**

Fill in each blank with a word from the box.

wildlife	aquatically	marine	splendid	species	experience	remains	habitats
----------	-------------	--------	----------	---------	------------	---------	----------

Just off the coast of Queensland in Australia lies the largest (1) \_\_\_\_\_ nature reserve, Great Barrier Reef. A UNESCO World Heritage Site since 1981, this splendid ecosystem runs across 2600 km and is made of thousands of coral reefs and (2) \_\_\_\_\_ for a wide range of species. The breathtaking scene under the water attracts and astounds snorkelers, divers, and (3) \_\_\_\_\_ enthusiasts. Extending over 340,000 square kilometers, it provides shelter to a range of animal and vegetable variety and (4) \_\_\_\_\_. Despite the effects of climate change, this area of the Pacific Ocean (5) \_\_\_\_\_ a cornerstone of the canvas of biodiversity. The beauty of the nature reserve is that it can be explored by the sea and the sky. The diversity is unmatched and unparalleled to none other and is a snorkeling and scuba diving haven for those who seek adventure at every juncture. For the ones who are not inclined (6) \_\_\_\_\_, you can see the beautiful coral formations in all its (7) \_\_\_\_\_ colors from a plane. Every year, this World Heritage listed site is frequented by about 1.5 million visitors. Diving, snorkeling, scuba diving are just some ways to (8) \_\_\_\_\_ this diverse and rich ecosystem. You could also try sailing, scenic flights, and others to try the ways to explore the getaway towns and scenic islands along the reef.

**B. Cloze text**

1. Read the following passages and choose the options that best fit each of the numbered blanks.

**New World Heritage Sites**

People have favorite places that they like to visit again and again. Countries have favorite places, too. Some of the places are important to the history or (1)\_\_\_\_\_ of the country like the Statue of Liberty in the United States. Others may be special natural places like Yellowstone National Park. Beginning in 1972, the United Nations (2)\_\_\_\_\_ plans to protect and preserve some of these favorite places. It does this through the United Nations Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Organization (UNESCO). UNESCO keeps a list of special sites (3)\_\_\_\_\_ World Heritage Sites that have "outstanding universal value." UNESCO's goal is to protect and preserve these places.

New sites are added to UNESCO's list (4)\_\_\_\_\_ or every year. These sites are suggested by member countries and then selected by UNESCO. The list (5)\_\_\_\_\_ rapidly in recent years. As of 2011, there were 962 sites on the list.

(6)\_\_\_\_\_ of these sites include a modern college campus, an ancient palace, a prehistoric rock art site, a silver mine, an opera house, a rainforest, and a volcanic island.

Central University Campus in Mexico is one of these. It is a modern campus (7)\_\_\_\_\_ classroom buildings, sports facilities, and outdoor spaces. It was built by a team of architects, engineers, and artists (8)\_\_\_\_\_ made it into a one-of-a-kind example of twentieth century design.

- Question 1: A. culture                      B. tradition                      C. custom                      D. belief
- Question 2: A. produced                      B. got                      C. made                      D. did
- Question 3: A. to call                      B. call                      C. called                      D. calling
- Question 4: A. daily                      B. weekly                      C. monthly                      D. yearly
- Question 5: A. has grown                      B. grows                      C. grew                      D. is growing
- Question 6: A. One                      B. Some                      C. None                      D. Few
- Question 7: A. away                      B. with                      C. in                      D. beside
- Question 8: A. who                      B. they                      C. which                      D. whom

2. Read the following passages and choose the options that best fit each of the numbered blanks.

An ecosystem is all the things that interact in a specific area, (1)\_\_\_\_\_ they are living or non-living. Some examples of non-living things that support (2)\_\_\_\_\_ in an ecosystem are light, air, soil and water. Living things are the plants and animals, called organisms that use those resources.

Each of the specific ecosystems in the world has its own conditions created by the non-living things. These conditions determine what kinds of living things will be able to thrive there. Organisms can only (3)\_\_\_\_\_ where their needs are being met. Everything in an organism's environment has an effect (4)\_\_\_\_\_ it. One ecosystem that allows many different kinds of organisms to develop is a temperate zone. It is an area where the conditions never (5)\_\_\_\_\_ too hot or too cold. All the living things in an ecosystem are called a community. All of one specific kind of organism living in a community is called a (6)\_\_\_\_\_. All the tree frogs in a rainforest community are one population within the community. All the white birch trees are another population within the same community. All the jaguars are yet another rainforest community population. All living organisms perform certain life processes. They (7)\_\_\_\_\_ nutrients like air, sunlight, water, and food. They use (8)\_\_\_\_\_ from those nutrients to grow and develop. They release energy by doing work and moving. They release waste products. They (9)\_\_\_\_\_ to things in their environment. They reproduce, producing (10)\_\_\_\_\_, or babies, that are similar to themselves.

- |                           |               |                |                |
|---------------------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| Question 1: A. neither    | B. whether    | C. if          | D. as if       |
| Question 2: A. life       | B. family     | C. environment | D. habitat     |
| Question 3: A. eat        | B. consume    | C. die         | D. thrive      |
| Question 4: A. for        | B. to         | C. on          | D. upon        |
| Question 5: A. be         | B. become     | C. feel        | D. exist       |
| Question 6: A. population | B. populated  | C. populous    | D. populate    |
| Question 7: A. take up    | B. take away  | C. take in     | D. take off    |
| Question 8: A. vitamin    | B. water      | C. food        | D. energy      |
| Question 9: A. combine    | B. contribute | C. react       | D. communicate |
| Question 10: A. offspring | B. generation | C. children    | D. youngster   |

**3. Read the following passages and choose the options that best fit each of the numbered blanks.**

Global warming is one of the most urgent environmental issues today. It refers to the global temperature increase caused by greenhouse gases, (1) \_\_\_\_\_ sunlight. Scientists from all over the world (2) \_\_\_\_\_ the situation. Global warming is to blame for significant climate changes during the last century. The primary cause of warming is industrialization. Another side effect of technological advancement is air pollution. Millions of companies and plants use fossil fuels and emit excessive levels of CO<sub>2</sub>. Exhaust emissions from planes and automobiles (3) \_\_\_\_\_ the greenhouse gases that deplete our planet's ozone layer. This destabilizes the climate. (4) \_\_\_\_\_, droughts, forest fires, and melting ice caps are some of the consequences of global warming. Natural habitats of plants and animals have been severely impacted (5) \_\_\_\_\_ and many people are experiencing severe health problems.

- |    |                                       |                                     |                                     |                                      |
|----|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1. | A. which trapping                     | B. which trap                       | C. that trapped                     | D. trapping                          |
| 2. | A. are deeply concerned about         | B. are deep concerning of           | C. is deeply concerned about        | D. are deeply concerning             |
| 3. | A. make up about 50% of               | B. make up all half                 | C. making up approximately half for | D. make out about half with          |
| 4. | A. Because this phenomenon            | B. As a result of this phenomenon   | C. As if this phenomenon            | D. By this phenomenon                |
| 5. | A. with the effects by global warming | B. with effects from global warming | C. by the effects of global warming | D. due the effects of global warming |

**4. Read the following passages and choose the options that best fit each of the numbered blanks.**

Located on the banks of the romantic Huong River, the Hue Citadel (1) \_\_\_\_\_ the Complex of Hue Monuments recognized by UNESCO as a World Cultural Heritage. The relic in the centre of Hue City was built with unique architecture. The surface area of Hue Citadel is 520ha. For 143 years from 1802, this (2) \_\_\_\_\_ the capital of the Nguyen Dynasty. After two centuries of the ravages of time and war, the Hue Citadel retains its original appearance.

The Hue Citadel began to be built in the summer of 1805, under King Gia Long. The architectural features of the Hue Citadel (3) \_\_\_\_\_ those of many previous ancient capitals. It consists of thirteen gates, then of which are

open to the outside, one inner gate, and two waterway gates. Inside the Hue Citadel, there are impressive works. Ngo Mon Gate, located south of the citadel, is a massive architectural complex and (4) \_\_\_\_\_ the main gate. It is like a magnificent castle with a hierarchy built from a long open stone slab leading to the Ngu Phung Pavilion. This is the check-in place for any visitor when coming to Hue. The Imperial City was the residence for the king and the (5) \_\_\_\_\_ the working place of the court. This is also a place to worship ancestors and kings of the Nguyen Dynasty. There are also Thai Hoa Place, Dien Tho Palace and Hien Lam Cac. The Forbidden City (6) \_\_\_\_\_ the innermost part of the citadel. This place was built in 1803 and named the Forbidden City in 1821. The Forbidden City is designed in a rectangular shape and contains relics such as Can Chanh Palace and Can Thanh Palace.

1. A. belonged to                      B. belongs to                      C. which belongs to                      D. is belonged to
2. A. had been established as      B. remained as                      C. were known as                      D. served as
3. A. are different to                      B. stand apart from                      C. differing from                      D. differ from
4. A. is used by                      B. functions as                      C. in the service of                      D. function as the role of
5. A. royal family as well as                      B. as well as royal family  
C. family as well as royal                      D. as royal family well as
6. A. had been recognized                      B. is recognized be                      C. is recognizing                      D. is recognized

**5. Read the following passages and choose the options that best fit each of the numbered blanks.**

What do you imagine when you think about our world in the future? Will sea levels around the world still be continuously rising? Will our coastlines change? Will cities and islands disappear? Will you take boats and ships to school instead of buses and cars?

In the past, such major cities as Miami and Barcelona were often built and developed on the coast or near natural ports. These were (1) \_\_\_\_\_ with the rest of the world. However, global warming and coastal flooding may (2) \_\_\_\_\_ in these cities in the future. By then, many other towns, cities, villages and islands worldwide will have been submerged entirely and may not appear on the world map.

In the future, (3) \_\_\_\_\_, millions of people worldwide will be moving to higher places. Scientists say that if temperatures rise by 3<sup>0</sup>C, there could be as many as 275 million climate refugees worldwide. People may say that sea levels still keeps rising. It's a question of (4) \_\_\_\_\_ and what will happen next. Climate change and rising sea levels are facts and (5) \_\_\_\_\_ sooner than later.

1. A. the best locations for trade                      B. the best location for traded  
C. the best locations in trade                      D. location the best for trades
2. A. make it difficulty to live                      B. making it difficult to live  
C. make it difficult to live                      D. makes it difficult to live
3. A. As a result global warming                      B. Due to global warming  
C. In spite of global warming                      D. Without global warming
4. A. how high they will rise                      B. they will rise how high  
C. how high will they rise                      D. how will they high rise
5. A. we should preparing for our future                      B. we should prepare for our future  
C. we should prepare in our future                      D. we should preparation for our future

**6. Read the following passages and choose the options that best fit each of the numbered blanks.**

In order to reduce gas emissions and provide more usable areas for people, future cities are expected to be those where people live without having (1) \_\_\_\_\_. Eco-friendly vehicles such as bikes and electronic cars will be more popular at that time, besides parking areas which may be constructed underground. Such change (2) \_\_\_\_\_ public reliance on natural resources like fuel and oil, but also reclaims surface land for other social activities. Additionally, the idea of public transportation cannot be ignored, and it is (3) \_\_\_\_\_ more people to use buses or trains for traveling purposes. However, its services should be improved to provide better user experience such as building online ticketing systems or offering discounts for frequent travelers. Moreover, making pavements accessible will indeed (4) \_\_\_\_\_. As to the fact that more young people wish to be able to walk in their own cities, walkability will be the main target of city planning (5) \_\_\_\_\_ to be able to walk in their own cities.

1. A. to rely on cars                      B. relying on cars  
C. cars relied on                      D. to rely in cars
2. A. not only cutting back                      B. not only cut back  
C. not only cuts back                      D. not only cutting



3. A. never too late to encourage      B. for never too late encouraging  
C. late for encouragement never      D. never to encouraging too late
4. A. encourage more people walking      B. encouraging people walking  
C. encourage people to walk              D. encourages people walk
5. A. although more young people wish      B. since more young people wish  
C. as much as more young people wish      D. more because young people wish

### C. Reading Comprehension

#### Passage 1.

#### UNESCO World Heritage Site in Hue

The Complex of Hue Monuments is a UNESCO World Heritage Site and is located in the city of Hue in central Vietnam. Hue was founded as the Viet Nam capital city by Gia Long, the first king of the Nguyen Dynasty in 1802. It held this position for thirteen Nguyen kings until 1945.

The massive complex features hundreds of monuments and ruins, such as the Forbidden Purple City, once the residence of the royal family and badly damaged during the Vietnam War, the Imperial City, royal tombs, the flag tower, pagodas, temples, a library and museum.

Hue, located on the banks of the Huong River, (also known as the Perfume River) is about a hundred kilometres north of Da Nang. Among the most impressive monuments in this former grand imperial capital are the Ngo Mon Gate of the Imperial City which once was exclusively used by the royal family and their servants and soldiers, the tomb of Emperor Minh Mang as well as the tomb of Emperor Tu Duc. In fact, many of the monuments surrounding the royal buildings were constructed in the early 19th century and were modeled after Beijing's Forbidden City. The wall that surrounds the citadel is six metres high and two and a half kilometres long.

The historical complex is known not only for its rich architecture but also for its beautiful landscape setting. Overall, the site is quite spectacular. **Avoid Hue between October and December as it gets most of its rain from the northeast monsoon during that period.** This small city is also famous for its Imperial-style cuisine.

1. The Complex of Hue Monuments .....
  - A. has its buildings built during the reign of King Gia Long
  - B. is recognized as a UNESCO World Heritage Site
  - C. was built by thirteen Nguyen kings from 1802 to 1945
  - D. is located on the left bank of the Perfume River
2. The Hue Citadel needs the work of restoration because of .....
  - A. the northeast monsoon                      B. its rich architecture
  - C. the period from 1802 to 1945              D. the damage during the war
3. All of the following are mentioned as features of the Hue Citadel EXCEPT .....
  - A. the Temple of Literature                      B. the royal tombs
  - C. the period from 1802 to 1945              D. the damage during the war
4. We can infer from the passage that .....
  - A. the royal tombs were built for each emperor in the Imperial City
  - B. the Forbidden Purple City might be considered a smaller model of Beijing's Forbidden City
  - C. the Imperial City is located in the Forbidden Purple City
  - D. the wall that surrounds the citadel is as big as the Great Wall in China
5. All of the following are advantages of Hue EXCEPT .....
  - A. the waterway of the Perfume River              B. the art of cooking
  - C. the last three months of the year              D. its beauty of natural setting
6. Which of the following best paraphrases the underlined sentence in paragraph 2?
  - A. Apart from October and December due to heavy northeast monsoon rains, all other months in Hue is good.
  - B. It rains a lot in Hue in October or December, the weather in the rest months of the year is fine.
  - C. Hue is most famous for heavy northeast monsoon rains from October to December.
  - D. Tourists shouldn't go to Hue from October to December due to heavy northeast monsoon rains.

#### Passage 2

The effects of air pollution are alarming. They are known to create several respiratory and heart conditions along with Cancer, among other threats to the body. Several millions are known to have died due to direct or indirect

effects of Air pollution. Children in areas **exposed to** air pollutants are said to commonly suffer from pneumonia and asthma.

Another direct effect is the immediate alterations **that** the world is witnessing due to Global warming. With increased temperatures worldwide, increase in sea levels and melting of ice from colder regions and icebergs, displacement and loss of habitat have already signalled an **impending** disaster if actions for preservation and normalization aren't undertaken soon.

Harmful gases like nitrogen oxides and sulphur oxides are released into the atmosphere during the burning of fossil fuels. **When it rains, the water droplets combine with these air pollutants, becomes acidic and then falls on the ground in the form of acid rain. Acid rain can cause great damage to human, animals and crops.**

1. What problems does air pollution create?  
A. Vision impairment and skin conditions    B. Respiratory and heart conditions, and cancer  
C. Increased appetite and dehydration        D. Memory loss and digestive issues
2. How many people are known to have died due to effects of air pollution?  
A. Hundreds                      B. Thousands                      C. Millions                      D. Billions
3. What is the reason for the increase in sea levels and melting of ice?  
A. Deforestation                                      B. Overfishing  
C. Global warming caused by air pollution    D. Excessive rainfall
4. What gases can the burning of fossil fuels create?  
A. Oxygen and helium                              B. Hydrogen and argon  
C. Nitrogen oxides and sulphur oxides        D. Carbon monoxide and methane
5. How does acid rain form?  
A. By the combination of air pollutants and sunlight  
B. By the reaction of water droplets with harmful gases in the atmosphere  
C. By mixing clean water with soil particles  
D. By cooling vapors in the atmosphere
6. What is the main idea of the passage?  
A. Global warming is the primary cause of habitat loss.  
B. Air pollution leads to severe health issues and environmental damage.  
C. Acid rain is the most dangerous consequence of air pollution.  
D. Fossil fuels are the sole reason for global warming and climate change.
7. The words **exposed to** in paragraph 1 is closet in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. be interested in                      B. sitting next to                      C. come into contact with                      D. meeting with
8. The word **that** in paragraph 2 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. effect                                      B. effects                                      C. alterations                                      D. the world
9. The words **impending** in paragraph 2 is closet in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. far from now                                      B. at present                                      C. disappearing                                      D. upcoming
10. What is the meaning of the underlined sentences?  
A. When it rains, water droplets mingle with acid, forming pollutants, which causes significant harm to humans, animals, and crops.  
B. When it rains, water droplets mix with air pollutants, forming acid, which causes a little harm to humans, animals, and crops.  
C. Rains water mixes with air in the atmosphere, forming acid rain, which causes significant harm to humans, animals, and crops.  
D. When it rains, water droplets mix with air pollutants, forming acid rain, which causes significant harm to humans, animals, and crops.

**PART 4: WRITING:**

**A. Rewrite the following sentences as suggested:**

1. He was last in touch with me three weeks  
→He hasn't .....
2. Mr. John hasn't visited France since 1990.  
→Mr. John last .....
3. It last rained three weeks  
→It's .....
4. It is one month since I last saw my father.

- I last.....
5. We have worked on this project for five years.  
→ We started .....
6. We began teaching extra classes for students with learning disabilities in 2012.  
→ We have .....
7. In 2011, we received the UNESCO charity award for the third time.  
→ We have .....
8. During my visit to The Old Quarter, I tried a lot of delicious local food.  
→ when .....
9. During their doing homework, their mother got home.  
→ While .....
10. On the way to my trip, I took a lot of photos  
→ While .....
11. David can't play tennis. David can't play football. (neither ..... nor)  
→ .....
12. The black jacket didn't fit her. The white jacket didn't fit her. (neither .... nor)  
→ .....
13. She's tired. She's hungry. (Not only ..... but also)  
→ .....
14. Dan was a newcomer, and so was Jim. (both ..... and)  
→ .....
15. Mary went to London and Kate did, too. (both ..... and)  
→ .....
16. They won't come here tomorrow. They won't stay at home. (either ... or)  
→ .....
17. Mary hasn't studied Spanish. Her friend hasn't studied Spanish. (neither ... nor)  
→ .....
18. You can turn in your homework today. You can turn in your homework tomorrow. (either ... or)  
→ .....
19. Jane doesn't go to school today. Mary doesn't go to school today. (neither . nor)  
→ .....
20. Victoria needs a new coat. Victoria needs new tennis shoes. (both ... and)  
→ .....
21. He isn't a doctor. I'm not a doctor. (neither ... nor)  
→ .....
22. We may go to The Fish House for lunch. We may go to Bahama Breeze for lunch. (either ... or)  
→ .....
23. She can't ski and I can't either. (neither ... nor)  
→ .....
24. Yesterday, it was cold. Yesterday, it was windy. (not only ... but also)  
→ .....
25. I don't know how to sail. I don't know how to ice-skate. (neither ... nor)  
→ .....
26. If I read a book, it must be interesting. If I read a book, it must be short. (either ... or)  
→ .....
27. Jack isn't kind. Jack isn't patient. (neither ... nor)  
→ .....
28. I would like to eat Pizza for lunch. I would like to eat salad for lunch. (either ... or)  
→ .....
29. Barbara doesn't cook. Barbara doesn't sew. (neither ... nor)  
→ .....
30. We may go to the movies this evening. We may go to the store this evening. (either ... or)  
→ .....
31. They didn't like music. They didn't like sports. (*neither ... nor*)

- .....
32. Bob is angry with his neighbors. Bob is angry with their dog. (both ... and)
- .....
33. John's sons enjoy playing soccer. John's sons enjoy swimming. (not only ... but also)
- .....
34. I can't speak English. Nor can my sister. (neither ... nor)
- .....
35. Cuban food is tasty. Cuban food is nutritious. (both ... and)
- .....
36. Enrique doesn't learn English. Enrique doesn't learn French. (neither ... nor)
- .....

**B. Free writing**

1. Look at the advert and write a letter requesting underlined information about the program from it.

*Join us this summer for our **Volunteer Program** and help provide food for people in need.*  
 Volunteers work 5 days a week. We provide training.  
 Volunteers help:

- Cook meals
- Serve food
- Clean the kitchen and wash dishes

We pay for accommodation and travel  
**Contact: Ms Hoa : email: [volunteerinvietnam@gmail.com](mailto:volunteerinvietnam@gmail.com) tell: 0913.456.789**

2. Look at the advert and write a letter requesting underlined information about the program from it.

*Join our **Animal Care Program** this week! Help us take care of abandoned animals and promote animal welfare. Volunteers work 4 days a week. Full training is provided.*  
 Volunteers assist with:

- Feeding animals
- Cleaning animal enclosures
- Walking dogs
- Assisting with adoption events

We cover accommodation and travel costs.  
**Contact: Mr. Peter**  
**Email: [animalcare2024@gmail.com](mailto:animalcare2024@gmail.com)**  
**Phone: 0901.234.567**